

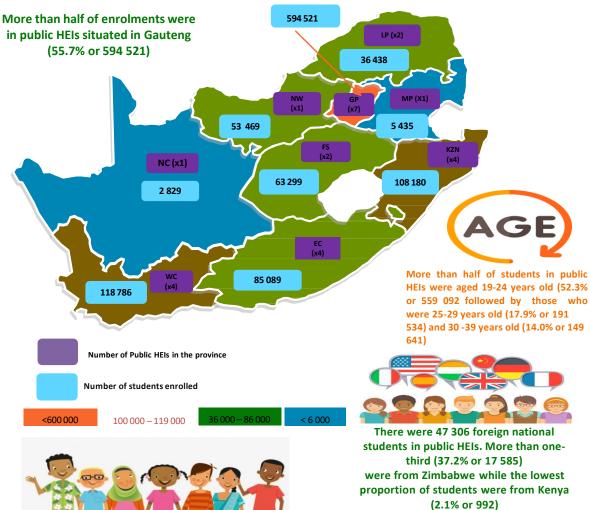
# INFOGRAPHICS FOR STATISTICS ON POST-SCHOOL EDUCATION AND TRAINING, 2021





#### STUDENTS ENROLLED IN PUBLIC HIGHER EDUCATION INSTITUTIONS (HEIs): 2021

### 1 068 046 students enrolled in public HEIs, and total FTE enrolment was 787 228



655 427 female students and 412 428 male students enrolled in public HEIs

61.4%

38.6%

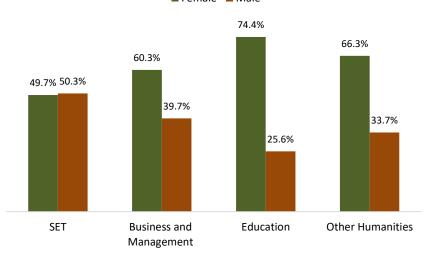


There were (96 390 and 93 867) more female students enrolled in the Other Humanities and Education field of study compared to males, while 2 138 more male students enrolled in the SET field of study compared to females



The proportion of females enrolled was higher than males in almost all fields of study (except SET). The largest gender disparity was in the Education field of study, where almost three quarters of students were females (74.4%). Males proportion was slightly higher in the SET field of study (50.3%)

■ Female ■ Male





The majority of students enrolled in public HEIs were Africans (79.5% or 849 246), while White students accounted for 10.2% (108 982) followed by Coloured students (5.6% 59 313) and the lowest enrolment was for Indian/Asian students (3.6% or 38 911)

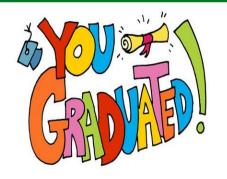


12 877 students enrolled in

public HEIs were reported



#### **GRADUATES IN PUBLIC HIGHER EDUCATION INSTITUTIONS (HEIS): 2021**



233 257 students graduated in public HEIs

63.8%



148 841 female students and 84 367 male students graduated

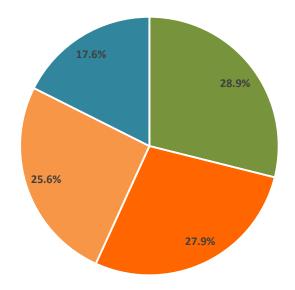


36.2%

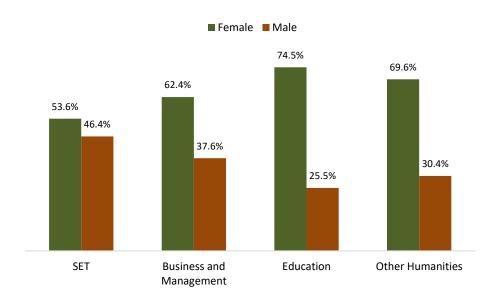
The majority of students obtained their qualifications in the SET field of study (28.9% or 67 422) followed by Business and Management (27.9% or 64 971)



- Business and Management
- Other Humanities
- Education



The proportion of female graduates was higher than males in all fields of study, and the largest gender disparities were in the Science, Engineering and Technology and Other Humanities fields of study









#### **OVERVIEW OF PRIVATE HIGHER EDUCATION INSTITUTIONS (HEIS): 2021**

232 915 students enrolled in private HEIs, and

141 751 of them were females compared to 89 485 males. Gender was unspecified for 1 679 students

> 60.9% 38.4%







Physical, Mathematical, Computer and Life Sciences

**Education, Training and Development** 

**Business, Commerce and Management** Studies



10.5%

There were 14 404 foreign national students in private HEIs, and more than a quarter of them were from Namibia (28.1% or 4 044), followed by 21.6% or 3 118 from Zimbabwe and 8.1% or 1 160 from Swaziland/Eswatini

The majority of students enrolled in

**Business, Commerce and Management** studies (50.3%), followed by Education,

Training and Development (16.2%) and

**Sciences (10.5%)** 

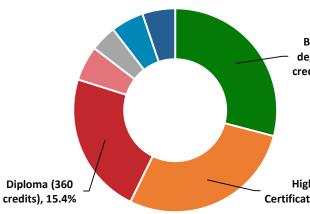
16.2% Physical, Mathematical, Computer and Life



The majority of enrolments in private HEIs were for African students (65.7% or 142 518), followed by White students (17.3% or 37 511), while Coloured and Indian/Asian students accounted for 9.3% and 7.7% of total enrolment



54 551 students graduated in private HEIs



Bachelor's degrees (360 credits), 27.2% 63.0%



34 158 females and 20 393 males graduated in private HEIs



37.4%

The majority of graduates obtained Bachelor degrees (360 credits) (14 845 or 27.2%) followed closely by Higher Certificate (14 161 or 26.0%) and 360 credits Diploma (8 394 or 15.4%).

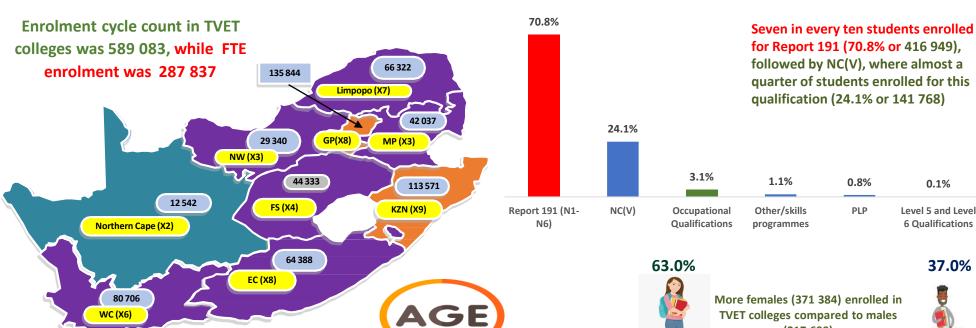
Higher Certificate, 26.0%







#### STUDENTS ENROLLED IN TECHNICAL AND VOCATIONAL EDUCATION AND TRAINING (TVET) COLLEGES: 2021



Number of TVET colleges in the province

Number of students enrolled

100 000 - 140 000 25 000-70 000 < 13 000



A total of 4 596 students reported having a disability, and more females than males had a disability (2 849 and 1 747 respectively)

Majority of students in TVET colleges were in the age group 20-24 years old (61.1% or 360 110), followed 25 - 29 years old (20.2% or 118 946)



Nine out of every ten students enrolled in TVET colleges were for African students (542 093), followed by Coloured (42 614), Whites (3 346) and Indian/Asian (1 013)

**TVET** colleges compared to males (217699)



Large gender disparities were for Report 191, where 93 053 more females were enrolled as compared to males.

The proportion of females was higher than that of males in almost all qualification types except skills programmes, where 1 387 more males enrolled as compared to females







#### GRADUATES / COMPLETERS IN TECHNICAL AND VOCATIONAL EDUCATION AND TRAINING (TVET) COLLEGES: 2021



47 750 students completed key exit levels (N3, N6 and NC(V) Level 4) in 2021. Completion rates were as follows: N3: 46.7%, N6: 62.8% and NC(V) Level 4: 50.4%





**28 685** students completed an N6 part-qualification. A lower proportion of students completed their N6 part-qualification in Engineering Studies (7.1% or 2 041) while 92.9% (26 644) students completed Business Studies programmes.

The majority of students (64.3% or 18 443) completed their N6 part- qualification in Public Management, Financial Management, Management Assistant, Human Resource Management and Business Management.



**Public Management** 



**Financial Management** 



**Management Assistant** 

#### **Completion Rates for Business Studies**

N4 (68.7%) N5 (67.5%) N6 (66.3%)



Completion rates for Business Studies were higher in TVET colleges located Mpumalanga, Gauteng Western Cape provinces.







More females completed N6 and NC(V) Level 4 qualifications as compared to males



Large gender differences in N6 completions were observed in Public Management, Management Assistant, Financial Management, and the largest was recorded in Educare, where 2 506 more females completed compared to males.



Males completion was 103 higher in N6 Engineering Studies partqualifications as compared to females (1 072 and 9 6 9 respectively)

#### **Completion Rates for Engineering Studies**

N1(73.3%) N2(48.2%) N3(46.7%) N4 (48.4%) N5 (47.2%) N6 (37.2%)



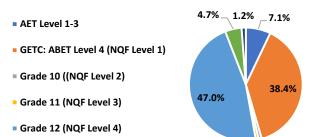
A large number of students who completed N2 - N6Engineering Studies were based in TVET colleges located in KwaZulu-Natal. while N1 completion was higher Gauteng TVET colleges





#### **OVERVIEW OF COMMUNITY EDUCATION AND TRAINING (CET) COLLEGES: 2021**

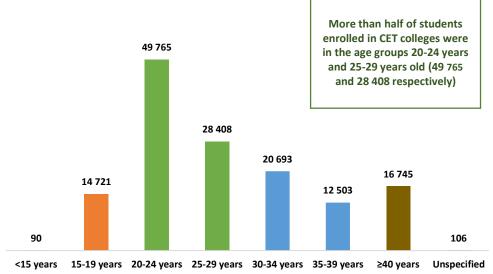
143 031 students enrolled in CET Colleges, and the majority of enrolments were for Grade 12 and GETC: ABET level 4 (47.0% and 38.4% respectively)





More females (101 879) enrolled in CET colleges compared to males (41 152)

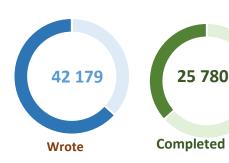
Large gender disparities were recorded in Grade 12 and GETC: ABET level 4 where 27 335 and 25 966 more female students enrolled compared to males





The majority of students enrolled in CET colleges were Africans (135 525 or 94.8%)

## Of the 58 262 students who registered for GETC: ABET Level 4 examinations

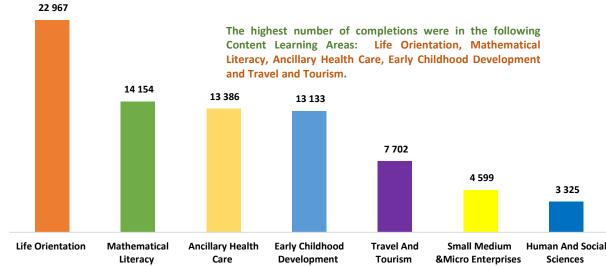


The overall completion rate for GETC: ABET Level 4 qualification was 61.1%

0.9%

0.8%







Non-formal programmes

Occupational Qualifications





#### STUDENTS ENROLLED IN PRIVATE COLLEGES: 2021

African Coloured

White

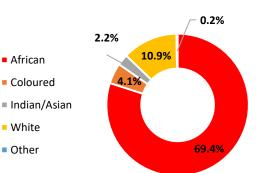
Other



Total enrolment in private colleges was 85 787 in 2021. The majority of enrolments were for Report 191 (55 217)

followed by Report 550/NSC & Other programmes (15 592)

Almost 70% of students were Africans (69.4%), while White students accounted for 10.9% of enrolment, followed by Coloured (4.1%) and the lowest enrolment was for Indian/Asian students (2.2%)



47.7% 52.3%

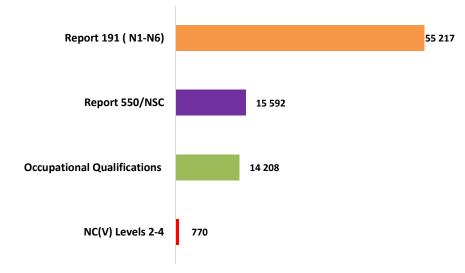


44 869 male students enrolled compared to females (40 918)



The majority of males enrolled for N1-N3 Engineering Studies (16 483) while females enrolled mainly for N4-N6 programmes (15 205)

> The largest gender disparity was for N1-N3 Engineering Studies, where 7 974 male students enrolled compared to females.





Over 40% of students enrolled in private colleges were youth aged 20-24 years old (37 234)

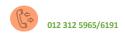


482 students reported to have a disability, and 72,0% of them were males (347) while 28,0% (135) were females



There were 1 799 foreign national students in private colleges, and 33.5% (602) of them were from Zimbabwe



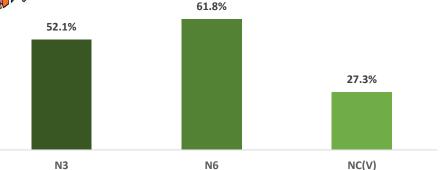




#### **GRADUATES/COMPLETERS IN PRIVATE COLLEGES:2021**



9 848 students completed key exit levels (N3, N6 and NC(V) Level Completion rates follows: N3: 52.1%, N6: 61.8% and NC(V) Level 4: 27.3%



5 944 students completed an N6 part-qualification. Almost a quarter of these students completed their part-qualification in Engineering (22.1% pr 1313), while 78.1% (4631) completed Business Studies

Three quarters of students (75.0.% or 4 435) completed their N6 part-

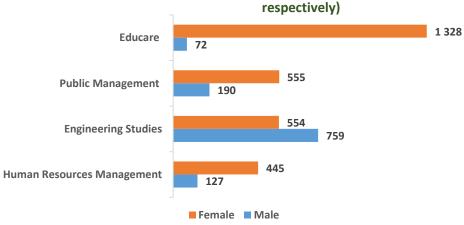
qualification in Educare, Engineering Studies, Public Management, Human



More females completed N6 and NC(V) level 4 qualifications compared to males.



Large gender differences in N6 completions were observed in Educare, where 1 256 more females completed as compared to males (1 328 and 72



Males completion was 205 higher in N6 Engineering Studies part- qualifications as compared to females (759 and 554 respectively)

#### Top 4 completions for N6 part-qualification



1 400

Educare



1313

**Engineering** 

**Studies** 



745

**Public** 

Management

**Resources Management and Financial Management** 







Human Resources Management

#### **Completion Rates for Business Studies**



N4 (56.5%) N5 (60.2%) N6 (65.6%)

#### **Completion Rates for Engineering Studies**



N1(75.8%) N2(45.8%) N3(52.1%) N4 (49.0%) N5 (56.6%) N6 (51.2%)





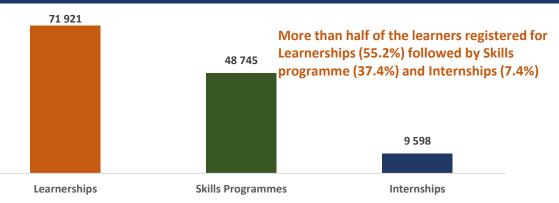


#### REGISTRATION IN SETA-SUPPORTED LEARNING PROGRAMMES: 2021/22 FINANCIAL YEAR



130 264 learners registered

for SETA-supported learning programmes.



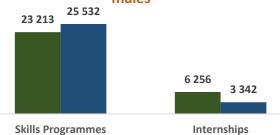
46.4% 53.6%

More than half of females were registered for SETA-supported learning programmes (69 766 or 53.6%) compared to 60 498 (46.4%) males



The majority of both male and female learners were registered for learnerships and skills programmes. Large gender disparities were for learnerships, where 8 673 more females were registered as compared to males

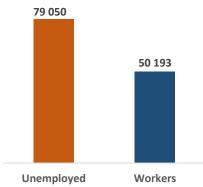
25 532



■ Female ■ Male

A larger number of females were registered for learnerships and internships, while the male's proportion was higher in the skills programmes as compared to females

The majority of learners registered for learning programmes were unemployed (60.7% or 79 050) as compared to 38.5% or 50 193 of employed persons



The majority of unemployed persons registered for Learnerships (60.8% or 48 028), while workers registered mainly for skills programmes (53.8% or 27 019)



Learnerships

40 297

31 624



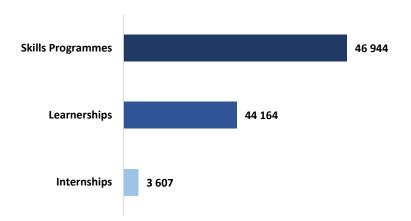


#### CERTIFICATION IN SETA-SUPPORTED LEARNING PROGRAMMES: 2021/22 FINANCIAL YEAR

#### 94 715 learners were certificated for SETA-supported

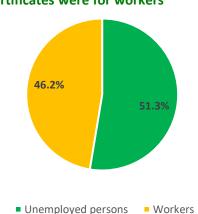
learning programmes, and the largest number of

certifications were for skills programmes (46 944 or 49.6%)

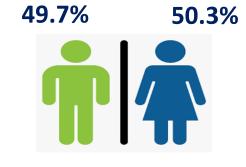


More than half of certifications were for unemployed persons (51.3% or 48 579), while 46.2% (43 756) of certificates were for workers

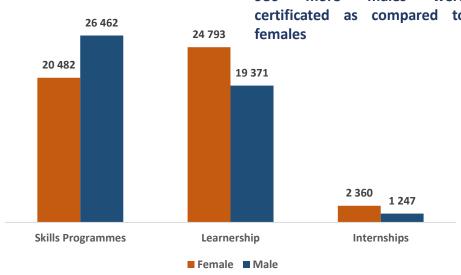
A large proportion of workers obtained skills programmes certificates (69.4% or 30 347) while unemployed persons were certificated in learnerships (59.8% or 29 047).



A similar proportion of certificates were issued to female and male learners (50.3% or 47 635) and (49.7% or 47 080)



Large gender disparities were for skills programme, where 5 980 more males were certificated as compared to females







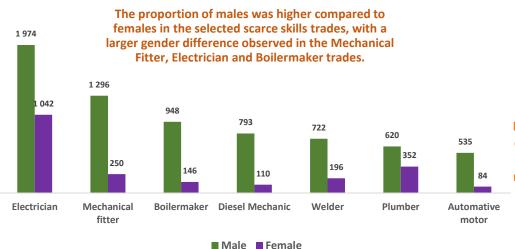


#### ARTISANAL LEARNING PROGRAMMES: 2021/22 FINANCIAL YEAR



14 379 learners entered artisanal learning

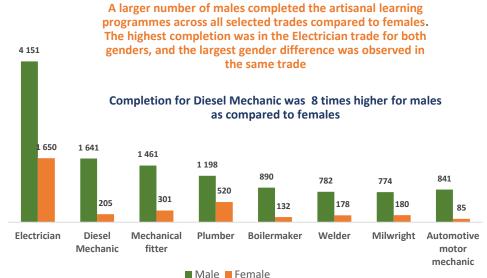
programmes representing a 39.6% (4 077) increase compared with 2020/21 financial year (10 302)

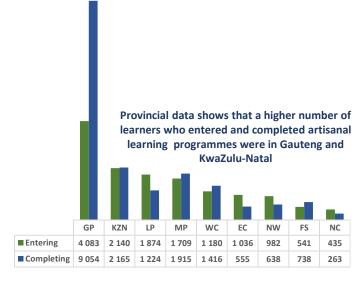


The majority of both male and female learners registered for the Electrician trade.

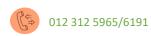
Bricklaying was the only trade where a slightly higher number of trainees were females (173 more compared to males)











#### GRANTS PROVIDED BY THE NATIONAL SKILLS FUND (NSF): 2021/22 FINANCIAL YEAR



81 532 beneficiaries

obtained NSF support during the 2021/22 financial year

54.4% (44 344)

of beneficiaries were from urban areas

45.6% (37 188) of beneficiaries were

from rural areas







30 848

The majority of NSF beneficiaries were females 62.7% (51 109) while 37.3% (30 423) were males

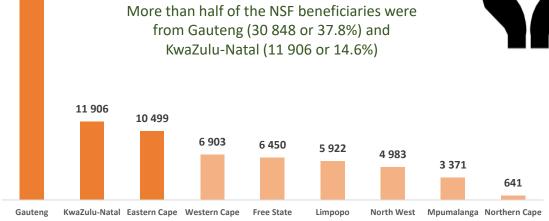


37.3%

3.3 billion was disbursed on skills development interventions

R

**545.3 million** was allocated for the improvement of TVET colleges infrastructure



- 20.4% 22.3%
- Bursaries
- NSF disbursement to TVET colleges
- Support to IPAP(Public)

Over half of the funds were spent on bursaries (53.4% or R1.7 billion), followed by other national priorities (22.3% or R748.3 million), while 20.4% (R686.3 million) was allocated to TVET colleges.

- Other National Priorities
- Rural Development

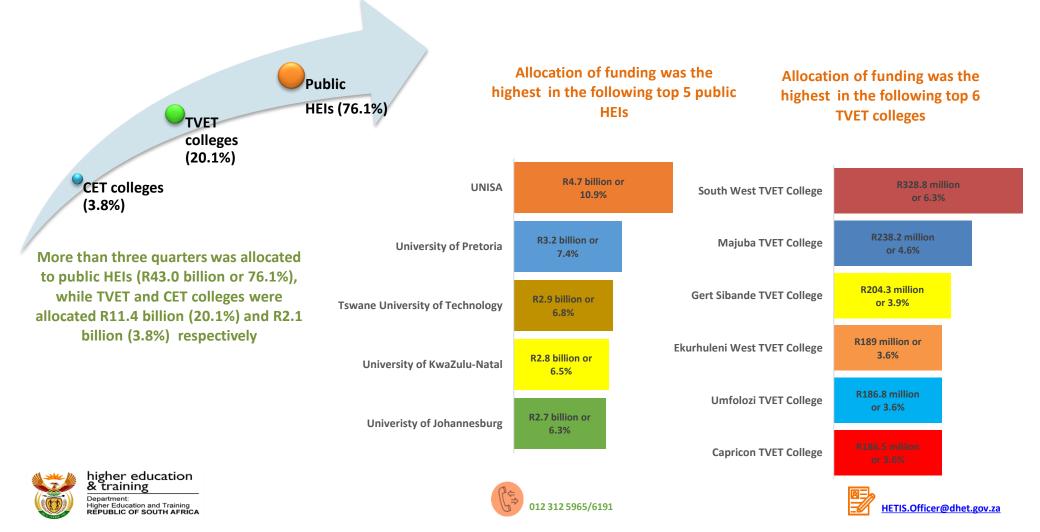






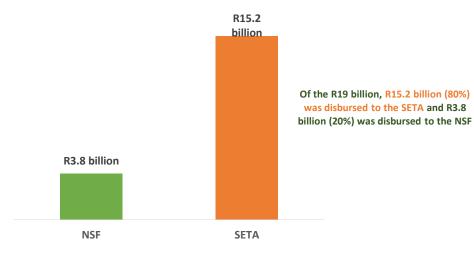


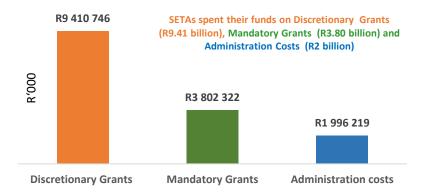
**R56.6** billion was allocated to public Post-School Education and Training (PSET) Institutions in the 2021/22 financial year, which was R216.6 million less than what was allocated in the 2020/21 financial year (R56.8 billion)



## 19 BILLION

was disbursed through the Skills Development Levy system in the 2021/22 financial year, which was 53.8% (R6.6 billion) higher when compared to R12.4 billion collected in the 2020/21 financial year





#### A graphical presentation of the allocation of the skills levy fund

